INNOVATIE IN DE RADIOTHERAPIE

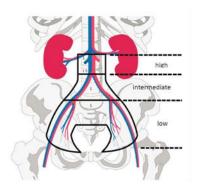
nieuwste technieken en ontwikkeling in de behandeling van cervixcarcinoom

Henrike Westerveld, radiotherapeut EMC, DGOG symposium 19.01.2023

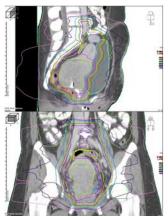


Primary chemoradiation in patients with FIGO stage IB3 and higher

• EBRT (25 fractions, 45/55-57.5Gy) with weekly cisplatin 40mg/m² (or DHT)







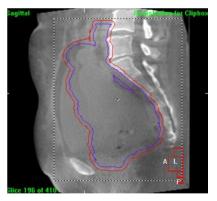
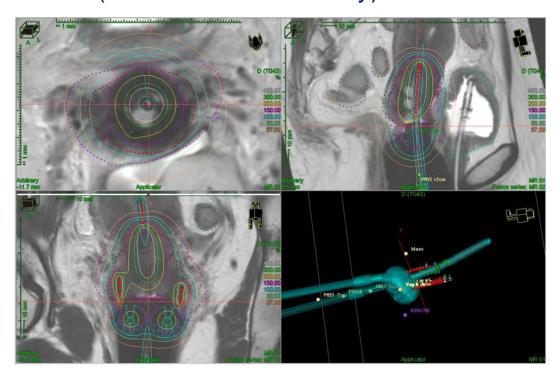


 Image-guided adaptive brachytherapy boost (D90 HRCTV 90-95 Gy)





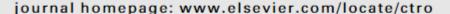
GEC-ESTRO GYN WG & EMBRACE

Clinical and Translational Radiation Oncology 9 (2018) 48-60



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Clinical and Translational Radiation Oncology





Review Article

The EMBRACE II study: The outcome and prospect of two decades of evolution within the GEC-ESTRO GYN working group and the EMBRACE studies

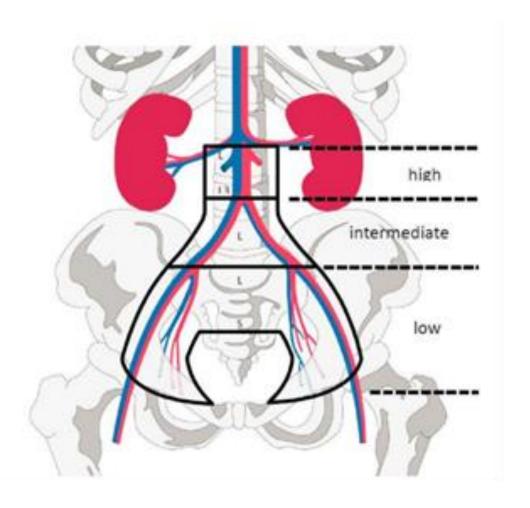


Richard Pötter ^{a,1}, Kari Tanderup ^{b,1,*}, Christian Kirisits ^a, Astrid de Leeuw ^c, Kathrin Kirchheiner ^a, Remi Nout ^d, Li Tee Tan ^e, Christine Haie-Meder ^f, Umesh Mahantshetty ^g, Barbara Segedin ^h, Peter Hoskin ⁱ, Kjersti Bruheim ^j, Bhavana Rai ^k, Fleur Huang ^l, Erik Van Limbergen ^m, Max Schmid ^a, Nicole Nesvacil ^a, Alina Sturdza ^a, Lars Fokdal ^b, Nina Boje Kibsgaard Jensen ^b, Dietmar Georg ^a, Marianne Assenholt ^b, Yvette Seppenwoolde ^a, Christel Nomden ^c, Israel Fortin ^{a,o}, Supriya Chopra ^g, Uulke van der Heide ⁿ, Tamara Rumpold ^a, Jacob Christian Lindegaard ^b, Ina Jürgenliemk-Schulz ^c, the EMBRACE Collaborative Group²



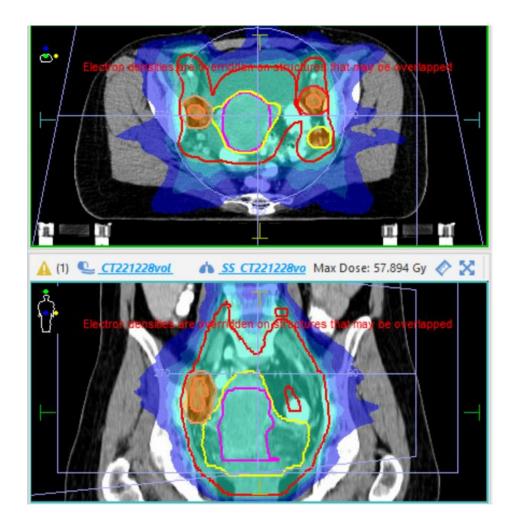
External beam radiotherapy (EBRT)

Risk stratified radiation field





- Risk stratified radiation field
- Standard fractionation schedule: 25
 fractions with a simultaneous integrated
 boost (SIB) in cases of N+ disease

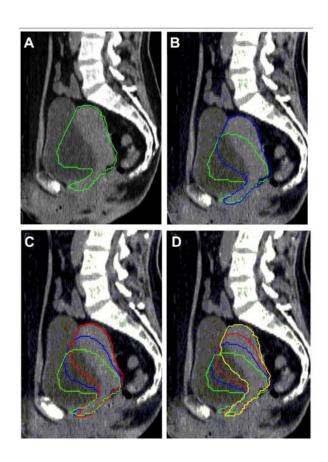




- Risk stratified radiation field
- Standard fractionation schedule: 25
 fractions with a simultaneous integrated
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- Library of plans

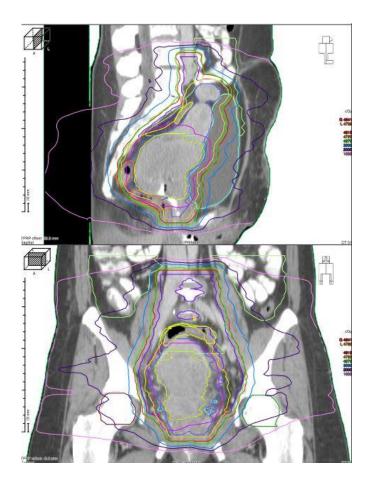






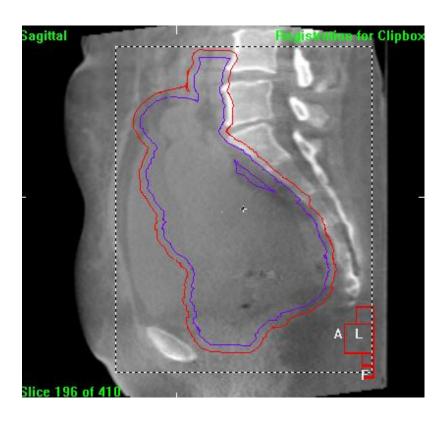


- Risk stratified radiation field
- Standard fractionation schedule: 25
 fractions with a simultaneous integrated
 boost (SIB) in cases of N+ disease
- Library of plans
- VMAT/IMRT





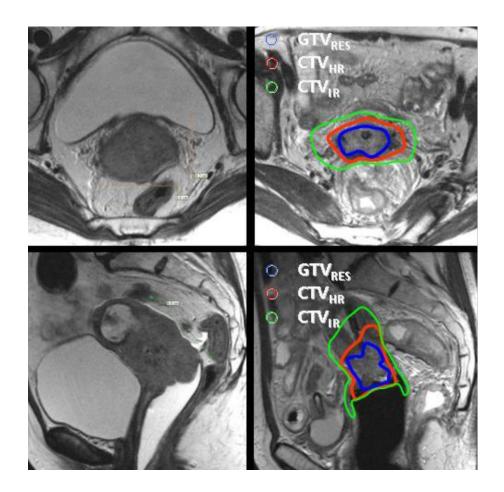
- Risk stratified radiation field
- Standard fractionation schedule: 25 fractions with a simultaneous integrated boost (SIB) in cases of N+ disease
- Library of plans
- VMAT/IMRT
- Daily positioning verification





MRI-guided adaptive brachytherapy (IGABT)

MRI guided for better visualization of the clinical target volume





MRI-guided adaptive brachytherapy (IGABT)

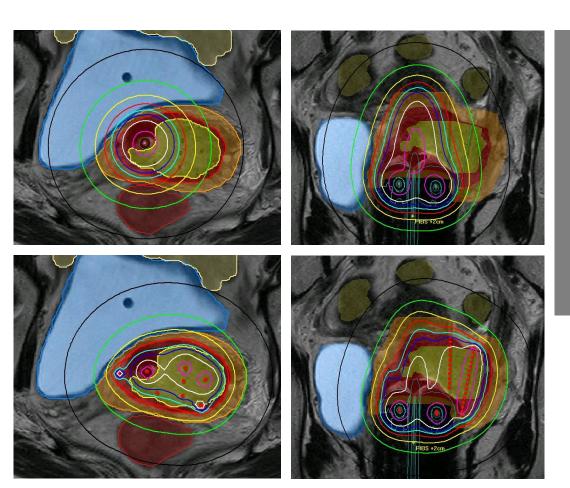
- MRI guided for better visualization of the clinical target volume
- MRI compatible intracavitary & interstitial applicators





MRI-guided adaptive brachytherapy (IGABT)

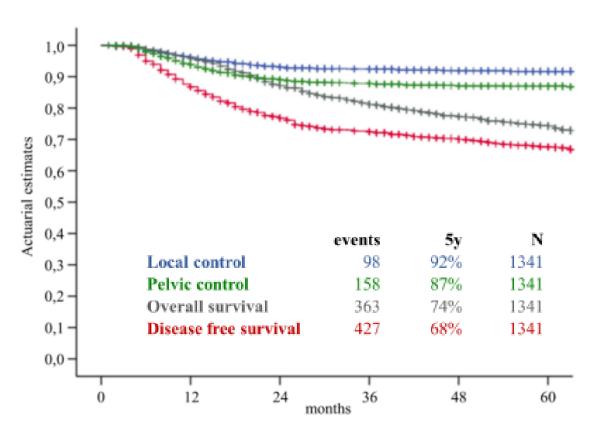
- MRI guided for better visualization of the clinical target volume
- MRI compatible intracavitary & interstitial applicators
- Highly conformal planning leading to:
 - Better coverage of the tumour
 - Better sparing of OARs

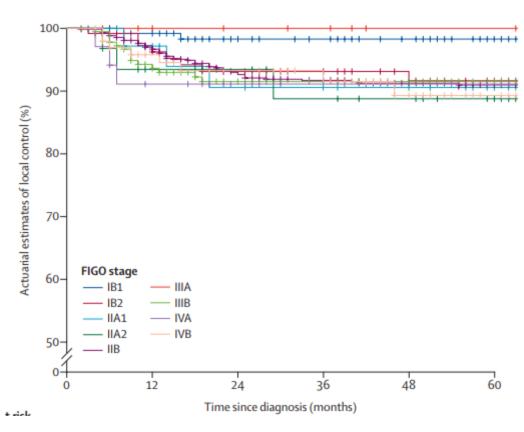


25% 50% 75% 100% 125% 150% 200% 400%



EMBRACE-I MRI guided adaptive BT





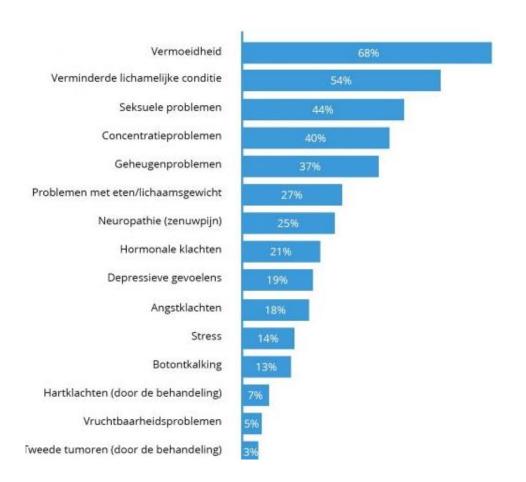
- Actuarial 5-year ≥G3 morbidity: GU: 6.8%; GI: 8.5%; vaginal 5.7%; and fistulae 3.2%
- Any ≥G3 morbidity actuarial 5-year: 26%



BUT WE AREN'T THERE YET...

Quality of life after treatment for cervical cancer

 Many woman have and hold complaints after gynaecological cancer treatment

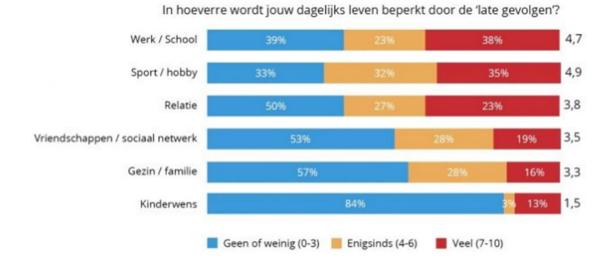




BUT WE AREN'T THERE YET...

Quality of life after treatment for cervical cancer

- Many woman have and hold complaints after gynaecological cancer treatment
- Complaints are on the physical, mental and cognitive domains, and interfere with patients daily functioning, and have a negative impact on quality of life and social wellbeing/role





BUT WE AREN'T THERE YET...

Quality of life after treatment for cervical cancer

- Many woman have and hold complaints after gynaecological cancer treatment
- Complaints are on the physical, mental and cognitive domains, and interfere with patients daily functioning, and have a negative impact on quality of life and social wellbeing/role
- According to the patients the physician doesn't pay much attention for these problems, however the patients neither ask for help ("the physician is already too busy", "there is nothing to do").
- Standardized protocols for the management of late effects are rarely used





CLINICAL NEEDS & POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS

- Improved locoregional control
- Higher (disease free) survival
- Less morbidity
- Better quality of life



CLINICAL NEEDS & POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS

- Improved locoregional control
- Higher (disease free) survival
- Less morbidity
- Better quality of life

- Higher conformal radiotherapy
- Faster treatment delivery
- Patient tailored/Risk stratisfied
- Minimizing adjustable risk factors
- Optimization and standardization of late effect management

•



Artificial Intelligence



Late Effect management



Individualized Brachy



Photos of 3D printed applicators, with and without LED backlights.

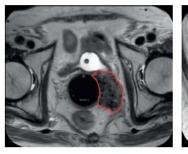
HOW?

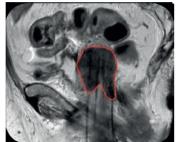


Online Adaptive



Advanced Imaging & Planning





Risk factor modification

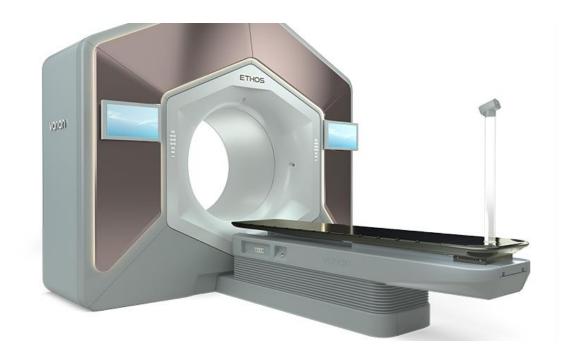




LOCOREGIONAL CONTROL¹ & MORBIDITY

Higher conformal: less geographical misses → daily adaptive

- Every day a new EBRT treatment plan based on the anatomy of the day ("plan of the day")
- Accounts for target and OAR movements

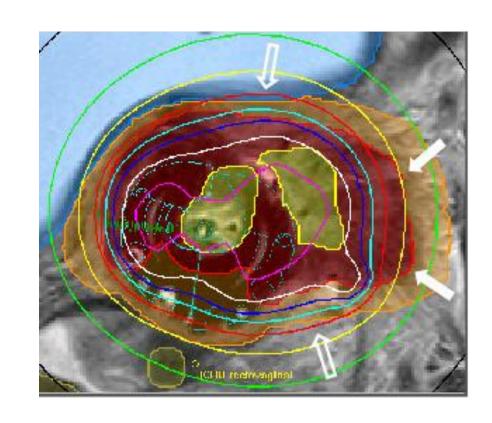




LOCOREGIONAL CONTROL[↑] & MORBIDITY

Higher conformal – one size ≠ fits all

- ARCHITEC project: Adaptive Brachytherapy using Customised Needle Applicators
- Aims: to optimize treatment conformity in locally advanced tumors with 3D-printed patienttailored applicators that include spatially optimized needle source channels









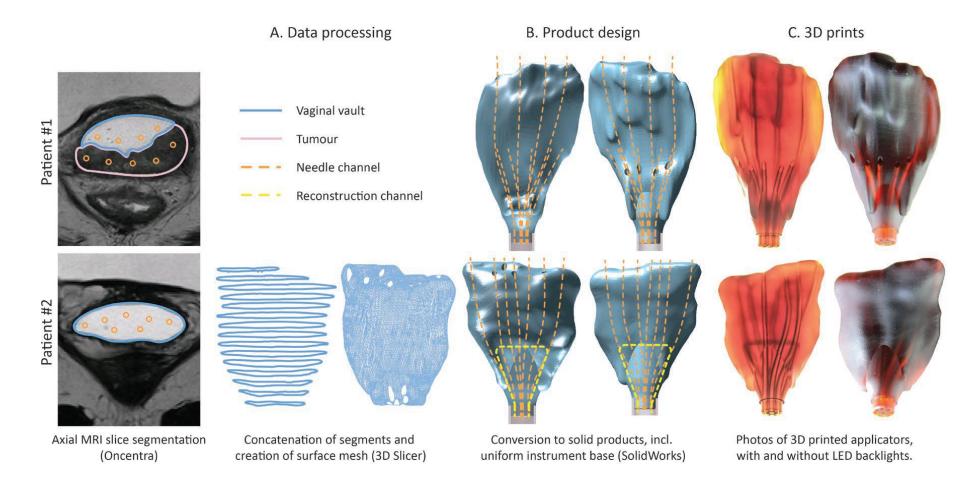








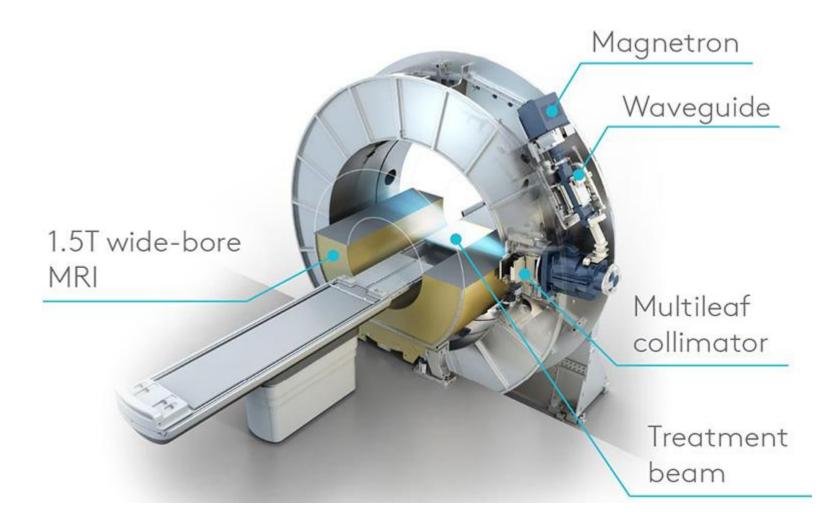
PERSONALIZED BRACHYTHERAPY





MR-LINAC

In case Brachytherapy boost is not feasible

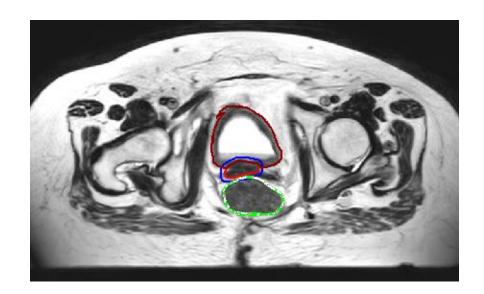


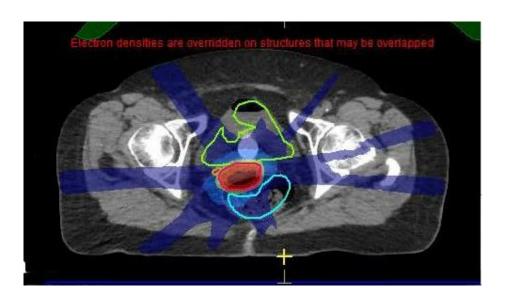


MR-LINAC

In case Brachytherapy boost is not feasible

- Good visualization of tumor and surrounding organs
- Dose distribution can be adapted to daily anatomy
- Dose levels close to brachytherapy may be achievable
- However... small field of view, thus large field not suitable







LESS MORBIDITY – PROTON THERAPY

PROTECT: Prospective Phase-II-Trial Evaluating Adaptive Proton Therapy for Cervical Cancer

- Aim: evaluate the differences in side effects between photon therapy and proton therapy, both combined with chemotherapy, for locally advanced cervical cancer.
- 30 patients needed: 15 treated with photon therapy, and 15 treated with proton therapy
- Evaluation of dose to OARs, toxicity, impact on immune response

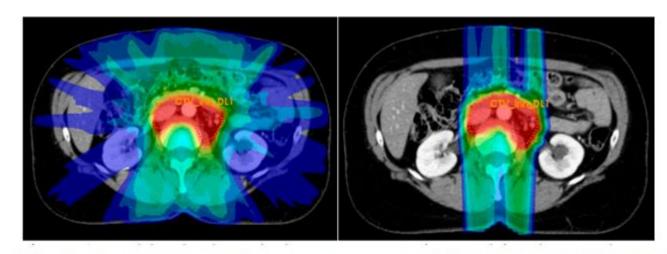


Figure 1. A typical dose distribution for the para-aortic region for IMRT (left) and IMPT (right) [24].

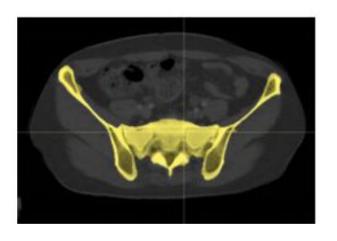




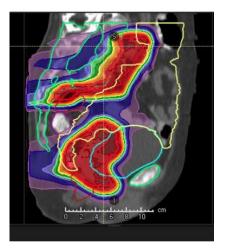


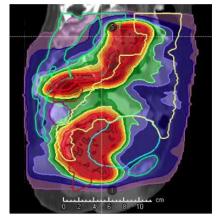
LESS MORBIDITY – BONE MARROW SPARING

PROTECT: BM sparing with VMAT vs. IMPT



Dosimetric parameter	Number of studies finding significant results number of studies including dosi- metric parameter			
	LSS	LOW	Ilium	
V5	0/1 (0%)	1/1 (100%)	0/1 (0%)	
V10	1/6 (17%)	1/5 (20%)	0/5 (0%)	
V15	0/1 (0%)	0/1 (0%)	0/1 (0%)	
V20	1/5 (20%)	2/5 (40%)	1/5 (20%)	
V30	0/5 (0%)	0/5 (0%)	0/5 (0%)	
V40	0/4 (0%)	0/4 (0%)	0/4 (0%)	
V45	0/1 (0%)	0/1 (0%)	0/1 (0%)	
D_{mean}	1/2 (50%)	0/1 (0%)	1/1 (100%)	





IMPT





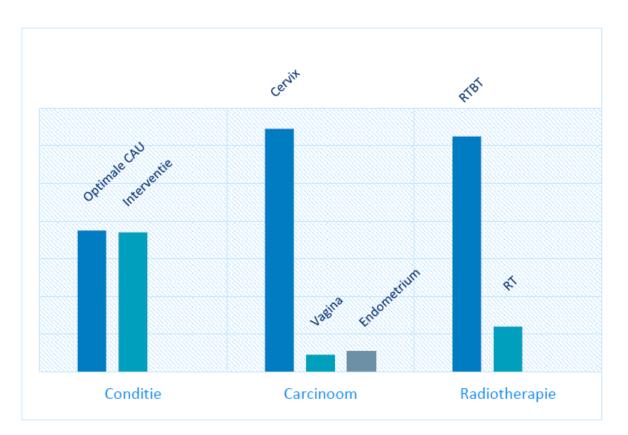




BETTER QOL

SPARC: Seksuele revalidatie na radiotherapie voor gynaecologische kanker

- Randomised study
- Closed dec 2022
- > 220 patients included
- First results expected end 2023

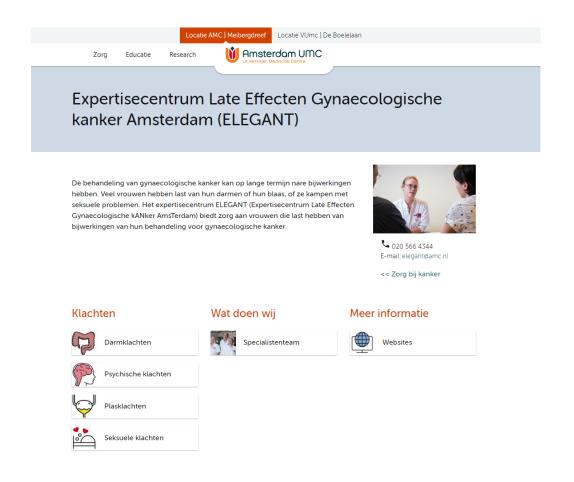




BETTER QOL – LATE EFFECT MANAGEMENT

ELEGANT

- Started in 2017
- Structured assesment and management of (severe) late effects
- Monthly multidisciplinary board





BETTER QOL – LATE EFFECT MANAGEMENT ELEGANT

- Started in 2017
- Structured assesment and management of (severe) late effects
- Monthly multidisciplinary board
- > 100 patients
- 65% of the patients have substantially less complaints

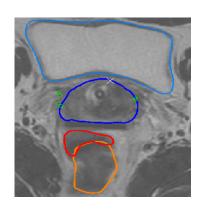




AI IN RTH - FAST AUTOMATED PLANNING

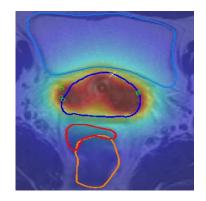
BiCycle

- Wishlist based on protocol and treating physician preference
- Fully automated generation of one treatment plan
- Plan generation takes 20 seconds on average
- Prospective trial nearly finalized
- Planning to implement in daily clinic spring 2023







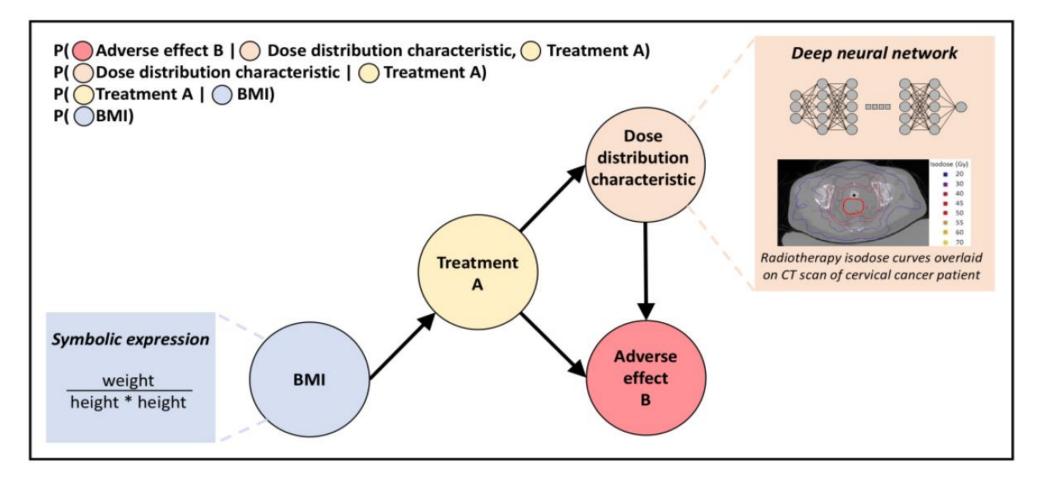


Hard constraints
Prioritized objectives
Dosimetry
Geometry (Dwell time
distribution)



AI IN RTH - PROGNOSTIC MODELS

Examine: Evolutionary eXplainable Artificial Medical INtelligence Engine





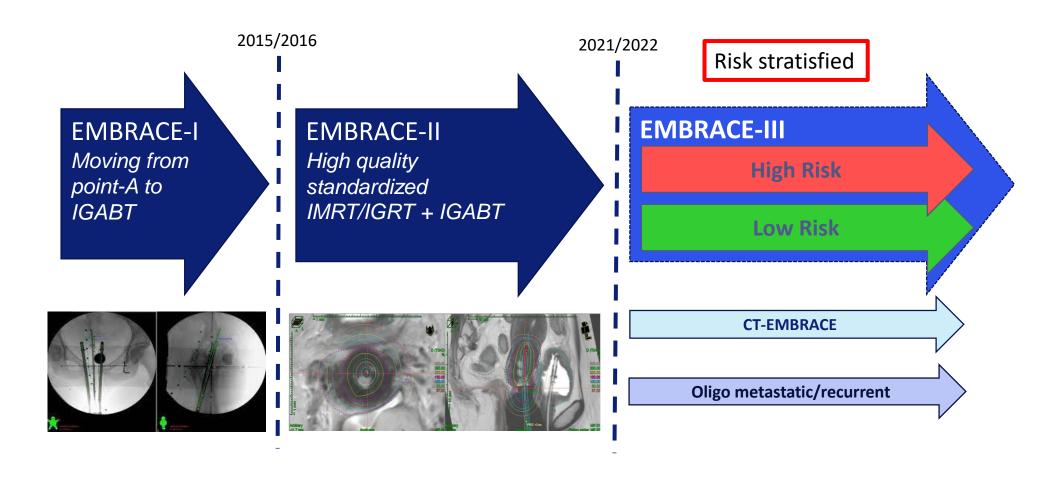






EMBRACE STUDIES

From x-ray standard planning → high end image guided radiotherapy → risk stratisfied





Artificial Intelligence



Late Effect management



Individualized Brachy



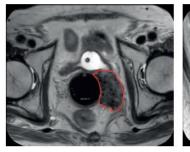
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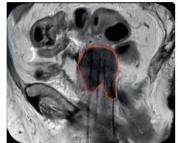


Online Adaptive



Advanced Imaging & Planning





Risk factor modification







Erasmus MC zafus